## A WEIGHTED BALANCE MODEL OF OPINION HYPERPOLARIZATION

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## **Purpose of Agent Based Models**



Economic inequality, segregation, fashion trends, ...., political polarization!

- → 'Stylized Facts' (Kaldor, 1961)
- Are micro-mechanisms sufficient to generate the stylized macro-phenomenon?
   Is every mechanism necessary?
   → 'Generative Sufficiency' (Epstein, 2012)
- Optimally taken from **theory** (psychology, behavioral / micro-economics, rational choice political science), but often **ad-hoc**



### **Macro Phenomenon: Hyperpolarization**

- 'Polarization' often equated with 'extreme opinion'
- BUT: many policy dimensions

   (inheritance tax, vaccination mandates, LGBTQ rights, infrastructure investment, cannabis legalization....)
- $\rightarrow$  Extreme opinions **not enough**
- ightarrow Opinions have to correlate
- Hyperpolarization = extreme and correlated opinions
- → What **micro-mechanisms** can generate hyperpolarization?



## The Problem: Simple Mechanisms are not Sufficient

#### All ABMs:

- Agents are represented as ddimensional opinion vectors
- Every time step, random agents exchange opinions according to some mechanism
- If mechanism = attraction, complete consensus emerges
- If mechanism = repulsion, 2<sup>d</sup> opinion clusters emerge
- $\rightarrow$  No Hyperpolarization



## **Micro-Mechanism: Balance Theory**

- Balance Theory (Heider, 1946):
  - Both opinions and interpersonal relations
  - Triadic relations between ego, alter, and policy dimension
  - Balanced Triads: Agree with friend, disagree with enemy
  - Unbalanced Triads: Disagree with friend, agree with enemy
- ightarrow Tendency towards balance
- → BUT: Only binary opinions / relations in original theory





## **Weighted Balance Theory**

- What if opinions / attitudes not binary, but weighted?
- Attitude: Signed Geometric Mean:

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{A}(i,j) &= \underbrace{sign(\mathcal{A}(i,d)) \cdot sign(\mathcal{A}(j,d))}_{\text{Sign: Product Rule}} \cdot \underbrace{\sqrt{|\mathcal{A}(i,d)| \cdot |\mathcal{A}(j,d)}}_{\text{Weight: Geometric Mean}} \; . \end{split}$$

Opinion update:

$$\Delta \mathbf{o}_d^i = \alpha(SGM(\mathbf{o}_d^j, \mathcal{A}(i, j)) - \mathbf{o}_d^i) + \mathbf{z}$$
Perfectly Balanced
Vector





#### **Comparison with ANES Questionnaire Data**



# **THANK YOU**

- My email: <u>Simon.Schweighofer@xjtlu.edu.cn</u>
- Our Paper: Schweighofer, S., Schweitzer, F., & Garcia, D. (2020). A weighted balance model of opinion hyperpolarization. *Journal of Artificial Societies and Social Simulation*, 23(3), 5.

https://www.jasss.org/23/3/5.html



