



Image from Google Maps

The system

- Agrarian society in a desert climate
- Large scale irrigation with water diverted from rivers (Salt, Gila, Verde, Santa Cruz)
- Use of the systems for over 1000 years before depopulation (approximately 100AD 1450AD)
- Irrigation is still important, with canals using routes of ancient ones
- Outlook of a resilient system

Data

- Environmental Proxies (River discharge, Rainfall)
- Population estimates
- Settlement positions in different periods and Irrigation system characteristics
- Crop choices and soil information

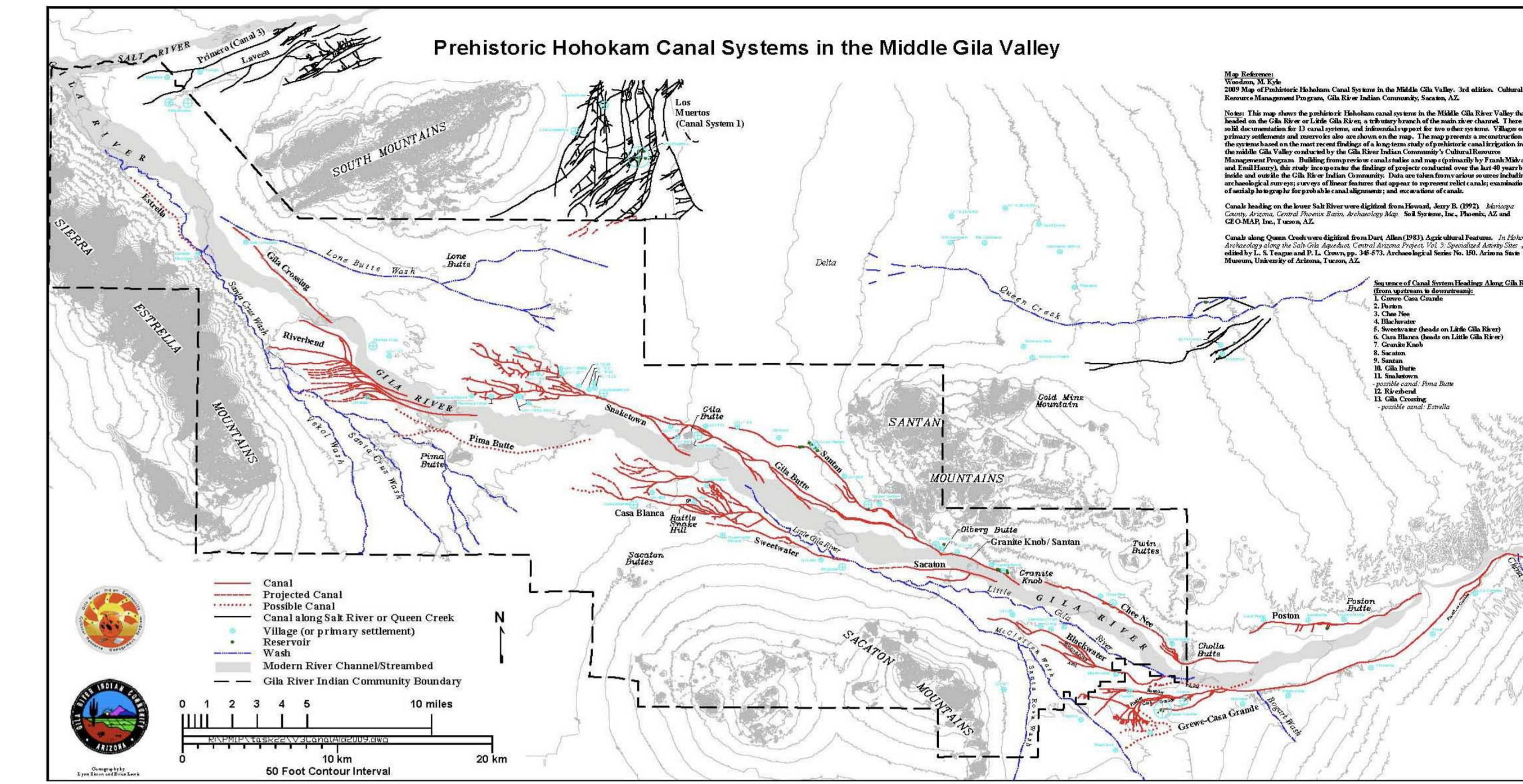
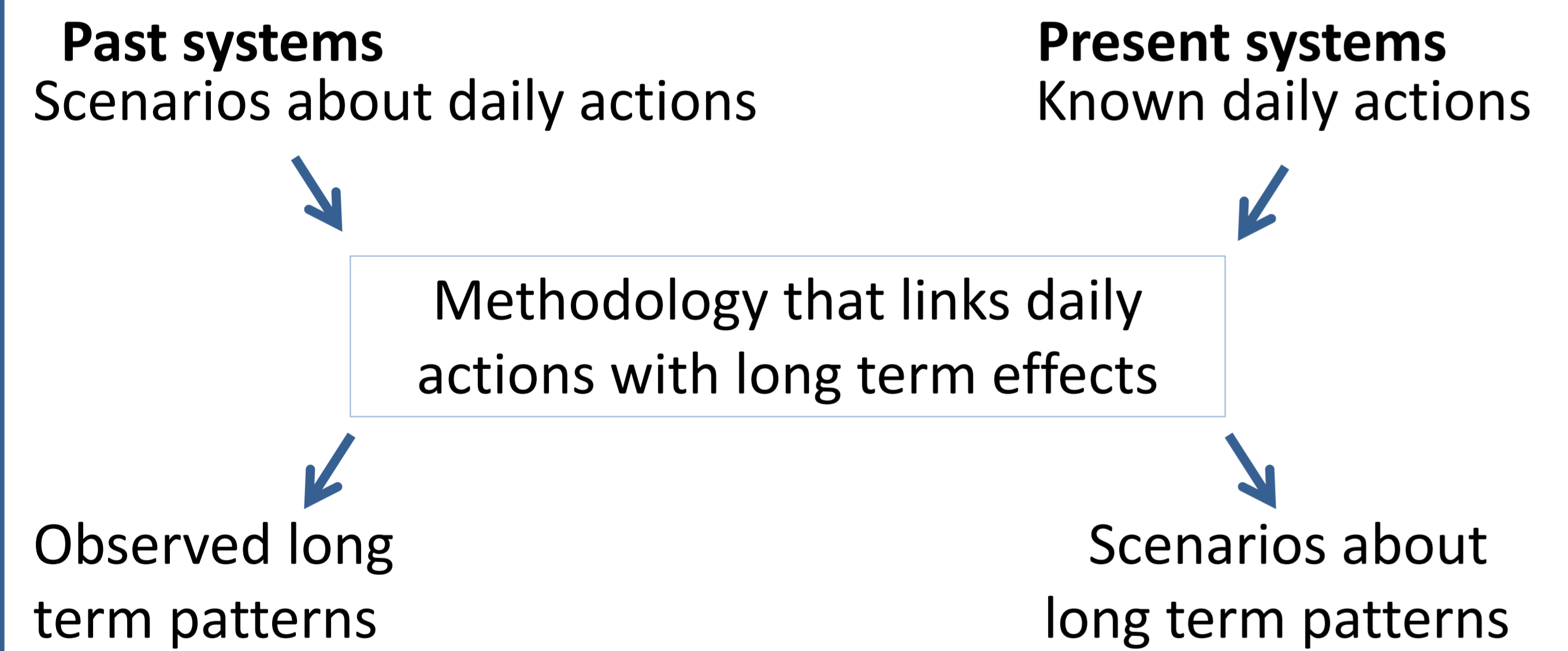


Image from Woodson 2010

Research Question

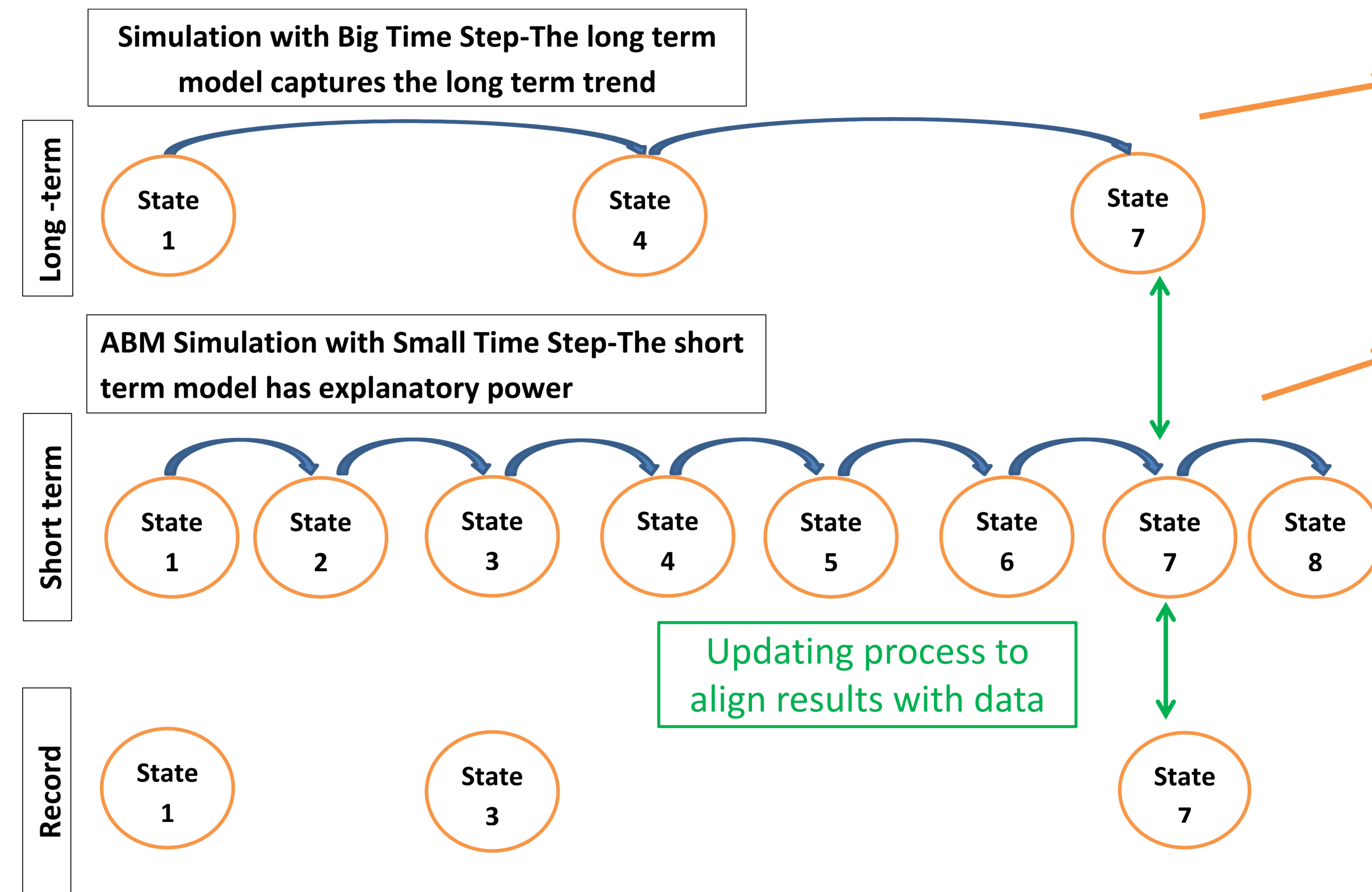
What were the daily efforts needed to sustain this system?

For the analysis, we utilize different time scales, spatial scales and agency scales.

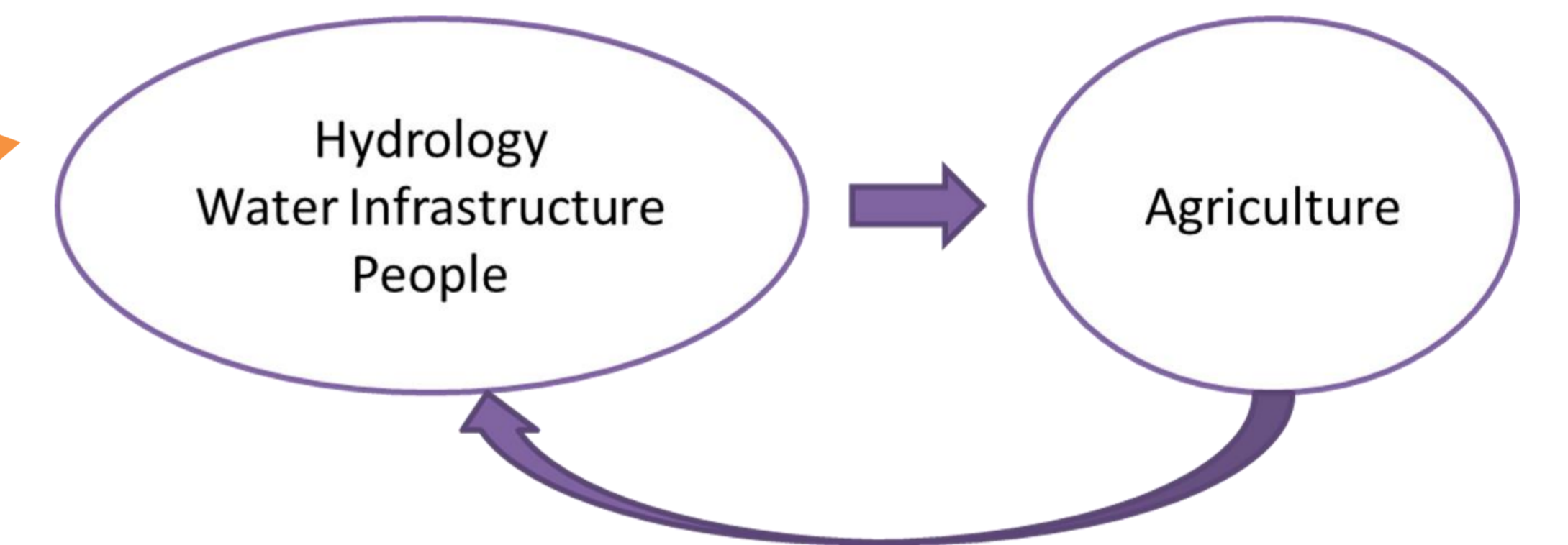


Core of the methodology: Agent Based Modeling (ABM); a method in which agents interact with each other and with their environment under predefined rules and change their state at each time step.

Methodology



Long-term model (Kuil et al, 2016)



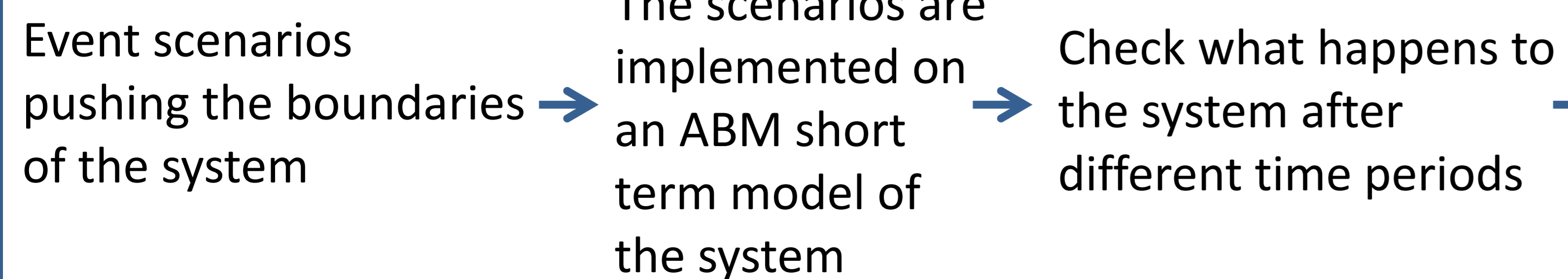
Short term model

- Reconstruction of daily life with 4 fundamental irrigation tasks (Woodson,2010):
- 1)Construction of irrigation facilities
 - 2)Maintenance and operation
 - 3)Allocation of water
 - 4)Resolution of conflicts that arise

Decisions on different scales of agency

- Farmers
↓
Families
↓
Irrigation community

Assessing Cross-scale Resilience



Parameters to check (Sundstrom et al,2014)

Variable	Functional Attribute
Population size	Emergency services
	Production
	Transportation options
	Employment diversification and evenness
	Energy grid
	Food network
	Types of open spaces
	Ecosystem services

References

- Kuil, Linda, et al. "Conceptualizing socio-hydrological drought processes: The case of the Maya collapse." *Water Resources Research* 52.8 (2016): 6222-6242.
- Sundstrom, Shana M., et al. "Transdisciplinary application of cross-scale resilience." *Sustainability* 6.10 (2014): 6925-6948.
- Woodson M.K. 2010; The Social Organization of Hohokam Irrigation in the Middle Gila River Valley, Arizona; Arizona State University

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